Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

SECTION 1 – Identification of the	e substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1 – Product identifier	A33/ABC
1.2 – Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	Relevant identified uses: fire extinguishing agent for fire classes A, B and C. The mixture acts as an inhibitor of solid, liquid and/or gaseous fuels. The use of special and specific containers is recommended for correct operation. Uses advised against: uses other than those identified as relevant.
1.3 – Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	ANAF FIRE PROTECTION S.P.A. Via del Commercio, 4 27020 Torre d'Isola (PV), Italy Tel.: +39 (0)382 45 33 Fax.: +39 (0)283 92 02 79 e-mail: info@anaf.eu internet: www.anaf.eu
1.4 – Emergency telephone number	Tel.: +39 (0)382 45 33 Number only available at the following times: 8.30-12.30, 13.30-17.30 (UTC) – Monday to Friday

SECTION 2 – Hazards identific	cation
2.1 – Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification of the substance or mixture according to Reg. (EC) no. 1272/2008 The product does not meet the classification criteria in any hazard class in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.
2.2 – Label elements	Pictograms: none
	Warning: none
	Hazard statements: none
	Precautionary statements: P101 – If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 – Keep out of reach of children.
2.3 – Other hazards	PBT, vPvB identification: the mixture does not contain substances that meet the criteria set out in Annex XIII of Reg. 1907/2006 (REACh) as PBT or vPvB.
	Properties as an endocrine disruptor: the mixture does not contain substances included in the list of art. 59, par. 1, of Reg. 1907/2006 (REACh) due to properties of interference with the endocrine system. The mixture does not contain substances identified as disrupting the endocrine system in accordance with the criteria established in Reg. (EU) 2017/2100 or in Reg. (EU) 2018/605.
	Information on other hazards which do not lead to classification: The extinguishing agent consists of a very fine powder. It easily forms suspensions in moving air and can create aerosols. Prolonged exposure to any type of dust is



Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

potentially harmful.

No previous episodes of oral toxicity are known.

SECTION 3 – Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 - Substances

Not relevant.

3.2 - Mixture

Refer to section 16 for the full text of the hazard statements

Substance	Identification number	REACH registration number	Quantity (% weight)	Classification (Reg. EC no. 1272/2008)
ammonia sulphate	CAS 7783-20-2 EC 231-984-1	01-2119455044-46	63 - 67 %	not classified
ammonia dihydrogenortophosphate [monoammonium phosphate]	CAS 7722-76-1 EC 231-764-5	01-2119488166-29	24 – 28 %	not classified

SECTION 4 – First aid measures

4.1 – Description	of	first	aid
measures			

<u>Inhalation</u>: If the product dust is released, tingling, coughing or sneezing may occur. Immediately remove the patient from the contaminated area and let him/her rest in a well-ventilated room. If anyone feels unwell, consult a doctor.

Skin contact (of the pure product): wash thoroughly with soap and water.

<u>Eye contact</u>: wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, protecting the unaffected eye.

<u>Ingestion</u>: rinse mouth and spit out the liquid. Do not, under any circumstances, induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.2 – Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<u>Inhalation</u>: after inhalation, ammonium sulphate dissolves in the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract, releasing ammonium and sulphate ions, which may be adsorbed.

Skin contact: none known. Eye contact: slight irritation.

<u>Ingestion</u>: ammonium sulphate is absorbed by the digestive tract. At high dosages (on the order of grams), the percentage of sulphate adsorbed decreases by about 30–40%. Irritation and pain in the gastrointestinal tract are possible, as are nausea, vomiting or diarrhoea.

4.3 – Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical advice if discomfort appears following ingestion, irritation or the appearance of skin rashes, or respiratory symptoms.

Notes for the doctor

If required and after medical consultation in the event of significant inhalation, administer an inhaler with a β -2 sympathomimetic drug and muscarinic receptor antagonists such as ipatropium bromide.

SECTION 5 – Firefighting measures

5.1 – Extinguishing media	<u>Suitable fire-extinguishing methods</u> : not applicable. The product is an extinguisher
	for Class A, B and C fires.
	Unsuitable fire-extinguishing media: not applicable.
5.2 - Special hazards arising	Particular hazards: Heating the extinguishing powder until it decomposes,

Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

from the substance or mixture	releasing toxic fumes. If accidentally mixed with oxidising substances (chlorate, nitrate or potassium nitrite), there is a risk of explosion during combustion. Thermal decomposition or combustion of the product: nitrogen oxides, ammonia, possibly phosphorus oxides and sulphur dioxide or sulphur trioxide. Exposure of the fire extinguisher to flames may cause the container to rupture or burst.
5.3 – Advice for firefighters	Specific firefighting methods: (information on the extinguishing powder) open the doors and windows of the room for maximum ventilation. Avoid breathing in (toxic) fumes. People should be situated upwind from the fire. Special protection when fighting fires: use a self-contained breathing apparatus if fumes are present. Dispose of fire residue and contaminated water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6 – Accidental release measures

6.1 – Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	6.1.1 For those not directly involved: wear a mask, gloves and protective clothing. 6.1.2 For those who are directly involved: wear a mask, gloves and protective clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Evacuate the hazardous area and, if necessary, consult an expert.
6.2 – Environmental	Dispose of the residue in accordance with current regulations.
precautions	
6.3 – Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	6.3.1 For containment: collect the product for re-use, if possible, or disposal. 6.3.2 For cleaning: After collection, wash the affected area and materials with water.
	6.3.3 Other information: nothing in particular.
6.4 – Reference to other sections	Refer to sections 8 and 13 for more information.

SECTION 7 – Handling and storage

7.1 – Precautions for safe handling	Avoid generating excessive dust. Avoid contamination with combustible materials (e.g. diesel, grease, etc.) and other incompatible materials.
	Avoid unnecessary air exposure of the product to prevent moisture absorption. Thoroughly clean systems before maintenance or repair work. Keep the product from entering the sewer system. Do not eat, drink or smoke during handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. Contaminated work clothes must not be taken away from the workplace. For exposure control and personal protection measures, see section 8.
7.2 – Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in the original, tightly closed container. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep containers upright and secure, avoiding the possibility of falls or impacts. Store in a cool place, away from heat sources and direct sunlight. Storage temperature: -30°C – +60°C. Do not store if partially used.
7.3 – Specific end use(s)	Multipurpose extinguishing powder approved for extinguishing Class A, B and C fires.

SECTION 8 – Exposure controls/personal protection

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

8.1 - Control parameters

ammonium sulphate (CAS 7783-20-2)

TLV-TWA (inhalable fraction, OEL(IT))	10 mg/m ³
TLV-TWA (respirable fraction, PEL (IT))	3 mg/m ³
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, workers, inhalation)	11,2 mg/m ³
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, workers, dermal)	42,67 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, inhalation)	1,7 mg/m ³
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, dermal)	12,8 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, oral)	6,4 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC (STP)	16,2 mg/L
PNEC (fresh water)	0,312 mg/L
PNEC (sea water)	0,031 mg/L
PNEC (sediments fresh water)	0,063 mg/kg
PNEC (soil)	62,6 mg/kg soil dw

ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate (CAS 7722-76-1)

DNEL (systemic effects, long term, workers, inhalation)	6,1 mg/m ³
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, workers, dermal)	34,7 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, inhalation)	1,8 mg/m ³
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, dermal)	20,8 mg/kg bw/day
DNEL (systemic effects, long term, population, oral)	2,1 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC (fresh water)	1,7 mg/L
PNEC (sea water)	0,17 mg/L
PNEC (intermittent emissions)	17 mg/L

8.2 - Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate technical controls

Hygiene controls: avoid high dust concentrations and adjust ventilation where necessary. Do not eat, drink or smoke during handling. Wash hands after handling the product and before eating, drinking or smoking. Observe the usual safety measures for handling chemicals.

Pressurised systems must be periodically checked for leaks.

8.2.2. Individual protection

Eye/face protection: wear goggles with side shields (powdery material).

Hand protection: not required for normal use.

Other: wear normal work clothes.

Respiratory protection: not required for normal use.

Thermal hazards: no hazards to report.

<u>Environmental exposure controls</u>: use according to good working practices, avoiding dispersal of the product in the environment.

SECTION 9 – Physical and chemical properties				
9.1 - Information on basic physical	a. physical state	fine powder		
and chemical properties	b. colour	data not available for the mixture		
	c. odour	data not available for the mixture		
	d. melting point/freezing point	ammonium sulphate: > 280 °C ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: > 190 °C		
	e. boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: decomposition from 190 °C		
	f. flammability	not flammable		
	g. lower and upper explosion limit	not relevant		
	h. flash point	not relevant		
	i. auto-ignition temperature	not relevant		
	j. decomposition temperature	ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: 190 °C		



SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

	k. pH	4,5-6,0 (0,1% in acqua).
	I. kinematic viscosity	not relevant
	m. solubiliy	ammonium sulphate: 754-767 g/L a 20 °C (ir acqua) ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: 368 g/L a 20 °C (in acqua)
	n. partition coefficient n- octanol/water (log value)	data not available for the mixture ammonium sulphate: -5,1 a 25 °C
	o. vapour pressure	not relevant
	p. density and/or relative density	1,65-1,85 g/cm ³ (apparent density: 0,82-0,96 g/cm ³)
	q. relative vapour density	not relevant
	r. particle characteristics	not relevant
0.2 – Other information	Information relating to physical hazard classes: Content of COV: 0%	

SECTION 10 – Stability and reactivity

10.1 – Reactivity	No risk of reactivity.	
10.2 - Chemical stability	No hazardous reactions if handled or stored in accordance with regulations.	
10.3 – Possibility of hazardous reactions	Decomposes at temperatures above 190°C, releasing ammonia. Contamination with incompatible materials.	
10.4 – Conditions to avoid	Proximity to heat sources or fire. Contamination with incompatible materials. Limited heating. Decomposes at temperatures above 190°C, releasing gas. Welding or hot work on equipment or installations that may contain residue of the product.	
10.5 – Incompatible materials	Alkalis, strong acids. Strong oxidants (chlorates, nitrates and nitrites), bases.	
10.6 – Hazardous	Releases ammonia when reacting with strong bases.	
decomposition products	Decomposes when heated to high temperatures, releasing toxic gases (e.g. NOx, ammonia, SO ₃ and SO ₂ , phosphorous oxides). May produce ammonia gas when in contact with alkalis such as lime or caustic soda.	

SECTION 11 – Toxicological information

 $ATE(mix) oral = \infty$

ATE(mix) dermal = ∞

ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

11.1 – Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/200

a. acute toxicity:

Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ammonium sulphate:

DL50 (dermal, rat/mouse): > 2000 mg/kg bw CL50 (inhal, guineapig, 8h): 1000 – 1200 mg/m³

b. skin corrosion/irritation:

Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c. serious eye damage/irritation:

Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ammonium sulphate: Slight eye irritation.

d. respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.



SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

	e. germ cell mutagenicity:
	based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	f. carcinogenicity:
	ammonium sulphate: NOAEL = 284 mg/kg bw/day
	g. reproductive toxicity:
	ammonium sulphate: NOAEL = 1500 mg/kg bw/day
	ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day
	h. STOT-single exposure:
	based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	i. STOT-repeated exposure:
	based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	j. aspiration hazard:
	based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
11.2 – Information on other	a. endocrine disrupting properties:
hazards	The mixture does not contain any endocrine-disrupting substances.
	b. other information:
	no data available.

SECTION 12 – Ecological informa	ation	
Data not available for the mixture		
12.1 – Toxicity	ammonium sulphate: CL50 (fish, Oncorphynchus mykkis, 96h): 53 mg/L CE50 (invertebrate, Daphnia magna, 48h): 129 mg/L CE50 (algae, Chlorella vulgaris, 18d): 2700 mg/L CE50 (microorganism, 0,5h): 1618 mg/L	
	ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate: CL50 (fish, <i>Pimaphales promelas</i> , 96h): 155 mg/L	
12.2 – Persistence and degradability	Not applicable, because the components are inorganic	
12.3 – Bioaccumulative potential	Ammonium dihydrogen phosphate: no bioaccumulation.	
12.4 – Mobility in soil	No data available.	
12.5 – Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not applicable, because the components are inorganic.	
12.6 – Endocrine disrupting properties	No data available.	
12.7 – Other adverse effects	Bacteria in the soil convert the ammonia into nitrate, which can be absorbed by plants or denitrified by microorganisms into nitrogen and nitrous oxide. In water, ammonium and phosphate ions can cause eutrophication, and therefore an increase in algae growth. The decomposition of algae can reduce oxygen which, if significant, could asphyxiate other aquatic organisms.	

SECTION 13 – Disposal considerations

13.1 – Waste treatment methods	Residues must be disposed of in accordance with current regulations by delivering empty containers to an authorised disposal company equipped to safely handle pressurised containers containing residues of flammable liquids and gases.
	Empty containers heated above 50°C may burst. Recover if possible. Follow current local or national regulations. For handling and

Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

measures in the event waste is accidentally spilled, the indications given in sections 6 and 7 generally apply; however, specific precautions and actions must be evaluated in relation to the composition of the waste.

Dispose of the waste after assessing possibilities for its reuse in the same or another production cycle, or for recovery at companies authorised under current legislation.

Disposal via discharge into the sewer is not permitted.

SECTION 14 – Transport information

14.1 – UN number or ID number	Regulations	UN number
	ADR/RID/ADN	
	IMDG Code	not applicable
	ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR	
14.2 – UN proper shipping name	Regulations	Proper shipping number
	ADR/RID/ADN	
	IMDG Code	not applicable
	ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR	
14.3 – Transport hazard	Regulations	Transport hazard class(es)
class(es)	ADR/RID/ADN	
	IMDG Code	not applicable
	ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR	
14.4 – Packing group	Regulations	Packing group
	ADR/RID/ADN	
	IMDG Code	not applicable
	ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR	
14.5 – Environmental hazards	Regulations	Environmental hazards
	ADR/RID/ADN	
	IMDG Code	not applicable
	ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR	
14.6 – Special precautions for user	None in particular.	
14.7 – Maritime transport in	Not applicable.	

SECTION 15 – Regulatory information

15.1 – Safety, health and environmental
regulations/legislation specific for the substance
or mixture

Regulations (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

The mixture contains restricted substances included in Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation. However, these restrictions do not apply to this type of product.

SK – German Water Haz

WGK – German Water Hazard Class ammonium sulphate Substance n. 296



Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

	WGK 1 – Low risk for water.
	ammonium dihydrogenortophosphate
	Substance n. 2309
	WGK 1 – Low risk for water.
15.2 – Chemical safety assessment	The supplier has not carried out a chemical safety assessment.

SECTION 16 – Other information

Document information

The product described in the SDS falls within the scope of the art. 32 of the Reg. (EC) 1907/2006, for which there is an obligation to communicate certain information downstream of the supply chain. However, the product supplier has drawn up this document, on a voluntary basis, according to the standard required for SDSs, as governed by Annex II of Reg. (EC) 1907/2006 as updated by Reg. (EU) 2020/878.

Notice to users

This document is intended to provide guidance: 1) for appropriate and careful handling of the product by qualified personnel or personnel who work under the supervision of personnel skilled in the handling of chemical substances; 2) for emergency management; 3) for the assessment and management of risks deriving from the use, handling, transport and storage of the product. The product must not be used for purposes other than those indicated in section 1. The information contained in this SDS is based on the knowledge available at the date of compilation relating to the requirements for safety, health, environmental protection and correct use of the product.

The person responsible for this document cannot provide warnings about all the dangers deriving from the use or interaction with other chemicals or materials. The user is responsible for the safe use of the product, the adequacy of the product for the use for which it is applied and its correct disposal.

The information provided is not to be considered a declaration or guarantee, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, quality, or of any nature.

The user must bear in mind the possible risks associated with a use other than that for which the product is supplied.

This SDS does not in any case dispense the user from knowledge and from the application of the set of regulations pertinent to his activity.

This SDS does not exempt the user from ensuring that he does not have obligations other than those mentioned and regulating the possession and use of the product for which he is solely responsible.

Change list

Rev. 4 – Update of 05/12/2017

Rev. 5 – Update of 25/01/2023

Changes since the previous revision

Section 2.3 – Adaptation to the format of Reg. 2020/878

Section 4.2 – Information update

Section 4.3 – Information update

Section 6.1 – Information update

Section 8.2 – Information update

Section 9.1 – Information update

Section 10.6 – Information update

Rev. 5 - 25/01/2023

SDS230102DV_EN

A33/ABC

Section 12 – Information update Section 12.1 – Information update

Section 13.1 – Information update

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS [Number]: Chemical American Society [Number]

CE50: Median effective concentration CL50: Average lethal concentration

DL50: Average lethal dose.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO-TI: International Civil Aviation Organization – Technical Instruction

IMDG-Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

LEL: Lower Explosion Level

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railroad

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UEL: Upper Explosion Level

vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative.

Hazard statements mentioned in the safety data sheet:

-

Bibliography:

SDS of similar extinguishing mixtures ECHA website

IFA-Gestis website